

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. X.

QU'APPELLE, N.W.T., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1895.

No. 18.

QU'APPELLE.

R. MOLLOY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
Qu'Appelle Station, Assa.

A. HOLLINGSTON, House, Sign and
Carriage Painter. Graining, Gilding,
Paper Hanging and Kalsomining promptly
executed.

CITY MEAT MARKET. Fresh Meat
of all kinds kept constantly on hand,
lowest prices. W. H. DILL, Proprietor.

D. M. C. C. ARTHUR, Qu'Appelle, Phy-
sician, Surgeon, Coroner, Etc. Grad-
uate Toronto University and Licentiate Col-
lege Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

WALTER HENDERSON, M.D.C.M.,
Qu'Appelle Station. Graduate of
McGill University, Montreal. Office next
door to Mr. Henderson's store.

G. S. DAVIDSON, Licensed Auctioneer
and Real Estate Agent. Office at the
Qu'Appelle Station. Office next
door to Mr. Henderson's store.

A. D. JOHNSON, Barrister, Advocate,
Qu'Appelle, etc.
Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel,
Qu'Appelle St.

W. M. SMITH, Advocate, Notary Public,
Collections and Real Estate Agent.
Indian Head office at the house of Mr.
Vick, who will attend to any business
during his absence.

R. JOHNSON, Qu'Appelle, Assa. and
Dealer in Canadian and Imported
Heavy Drunken Horses. Lovers, Feed and
Sale Stables. Free Qu'Appelle. Only
single to Fort Qu'Appelle.

ASTRAY.

CAME ON TO THE PREMISES OF
the undersigned, a constant pony
mare, two weeks old, a white hind
round of fore foot, small ear, on forehead,
about 3 years old. Owner will please pay
property, 125 cents and take her away.
J. P. HARRIS,
19th St. S. 4, Tp. 17, Range 15 W.

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J. P. HARRIS,
19th St. S. 4, Tp. 17, Range 15 W.

FOR SALE.

HOPKINS, FRED, GAIN AND BREA,
Qu'Appelle, N.W.T.

HELP WANTED!

WANTED—A person to do housework
in a family of four persons. Must be
a native born, and have a good
character. Apply to J. P. HARRIS,
19th St. S. 4, Tp. 17, Range 15 W.

THE DOMINION.

9-10 317 Queen's Building, Chicago

LOST.

A NOTE TO BE PAID, payable to R. L.
HARRIS and J. P. HARRIS. The holder
please return same to R. L. HARRIS, 19th
St. S. 4, Tp. 17, Range 15 W.

NOTICE.

STRAYED ONTO MY PREMISES—
A pair of cattle—three years old and
two cows. Owner will please pay
property, 125 cents and take her away.
J. P. HARRIS,
19th St. S. 4, Tp. 17, Range 15 W.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the South
Qu'Appelle Liberal Conservative As-
sociation will be held at the Immigration
Building, Qu'Appelle, on Saturday, February
16th inst. A large attendance is requested.
A. D. JOHNSON,
Sect. South Qu'Appelle Liberal Conservative
Association.

TEACHER WANTED.

WANTED—FOR THE BALCONIE
Public School, a teacher. Apply
to J. D. HAWKES, Chairman School
Trustees.

TEACHER WANTED.

THIRD CLASS TEACHER WANTED
for Grassmere School District No.
244, N.W.T. (near Qu'Appelle Station).
Teaches to commence about April 1st. School
open about seven months. Applications
received up to March 7th. Apply to A.
Webster, sec. stating salary required and ex-
perience.

TO BE SOLD.

HORSES and Cattle to be sold on
reasonable terms. Apply to
F. R. BLAKENEY,
Sec. 26, Tp. 17, Range 15.

WANTED.

A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Fam-
ily small; must be strong. Apply
back door,
MRS. CARPENTH.

BIRTHS.

ARAS—On the 5th inst., at Vernon, B.C.,
the wife of H. Aras, of a son.

—The Territorial exhibition will
open at Regina on July 29th

Notes By The Way

A Few Notes by Our Bright Chief
—Lord Brassey and the
Australians.

It Was Knot Grass—The Festi-
val of the Patron Saint of
Lovers.

"There's a chief among ye takin' notes,
An' faith he'll point 'em out."

As the name of Lord Brassey is
known to everyone in general and
to us in the Northwest in particu-
lar, as taking a deep interest in the
welfare of Canadian settlers, I im-
agine the following will be read
with interest by the readers of the
Progress.

Lord Brassey, the new governor
of Victoria is very popular with
the Australians. As Sir Thomas
Brassey he and the late Lady
Brassey were frequently in Aus-
tralian waters on board the famous
Sunbeam, and in Melbourne his
name is held in great regard. He
and his young wife will have a
most cordial welcome from the Vic-
torians. It is pretty well known
that the fortunes of the Brassey
family were made out of railway.

Lord Brassey's father was a mem-
ber of the great railway contracting
firm of Peto, Brassey & Betts.
All the three partners made great
fortunes and built themselves lovely
pleasure houses. Lord Brassey's
principal seat is Normanton, situ-
ated near the Sussex coast, and a
few miles from Bathing Abbey.

Lord Brassey is probably known
best for his enthusiastic country-
ship, and he holds a master's certifi-
cate.

A man looked me a plant that is
very common in some local, and
named it "knot grass." "It is knot
grass," said I. "Not grass! Then
what do you call it?" said my
interrogator, with a surprised look.

"Well it's knot grass, I tell you."
"Just so; but what is it?" "Grass,"
said I. "Knot grass, master; if
you're trying to tell me, you've got
to be a bit of a botanist, so I tell you straight,
you've lost me there. It isn't grass,
and then you say it is grass? What's
a knot to think of that? It's knot
grass!" Up to this point I
had kept perfectly silent, but now
my pent up feelings could stand it
no longer and I laughed outright.

This did not tend to pacify my
friend in search of botanical knowl-
edge, and as some people are at
certain times said to be in a brown
study, he appeared to be in a blue
rage; however, as I thought the
matter had gone far enough, I said,
"Let me explain: Now, the answers
which I have given to your ques-
tions respecting this plant, which I
hold in my hand, and at which said
answers you have taken so much
umbrage, were perfectly straight-
forward as I will endeavor to show
you. This grass is knot grass, and
I will explain why. You will ob-
serve these roots are all jointed or
knotted in many places; well, from
that particular form of growth the
plant takes the name of knot grass;
so, paradoxical as it may seem, it is
certainly grass, and certainly knot
grass; now, do you catch on?" He
smiled a kind of sickly smile, and
went on his way, more in sorrow
than in anger.

Saint Valentine is by long pre-
scription a favorite with all—at
least with all who have treated him
wisely and well. With the old he
is a favorite in memory; with the
young he is a favorite in present
enjoyment, and even with infants
he is a favorite in hope. His festi-
val is, therefore, kept with due and
becoming rites, and all look forward
to it as a red letter day in the cal-
endar. Nor should it be otherwise,
for both the sentiment and the ac-
companiments of this festival are of
the most delightfully cheering
nature. It is curious and not un-
instructive to observe with what

nicely those festivals which man-
kind have, by long established cus-
tom, devoted to the development of
certain feelings, are adapted to
these natural circumstances that
tend to excite the same feelings.
The close of the year is devoted to
festivity because then there is a re-
pose in the whole of nature; it is,
as it were a time of fulness and
fruition, at which the labors of one
year are over and the abundance of
that year is enjoyed; but when the
sun strengthens and the day length-
ens, touching all the germs of life
and love with a ray of heaven's
own beaming light, it is natural that
the human race, as being the most
sensitive of the whole, should take
the lead, and the festival of St.
Valentine falls therefore, most
properly, at the very dawn of
spring. St. Valentine should be to
us the period at which the study of
nature is begun, and if we would
but set about it in earnest, and
taking this day as a commence-
ment, go the round of the year until
December again, folded the mantle
of rest over the glowing world, the
quantity of knowledge that we
should secure, would be equally
great and delightful.

Edgely Echoes.

Your correspondent has lately
been informed that certain persons
have found fault with some word or
words used in his description and
account of the recent school meet-
ing. He begs to inform our readers
that any word or words that he
used were in perfect accordance
with the English tongue of the
present day. Had they not been so,
our worthy Editor would have
corrected his busy brain for a more
fitting substitute. Your corres-
pondent does not hold himself re-
sponsible for the simplicity of others,
and in future will endeavor to use
more simple phrases for the benefit
of the simple natives.

So far, we have not heard of any
Edgely report for the Dominion
and time in the coming election,
but after the great Patron victory
in the Municipality of Fort Qu'Ap-
pelle, it is generally thought that
the Edgely branch of that institu-
tion will seek a higher honor than
some of their Springfield brothers.

It is rumored that a great law
suit is on hand between some of
our neighbors, but it is not expect-
ed to come off till nearer spring-
tide, unless, indeed, the judge,
taking the plaintiff into considera-
tion, should hold an especial sitting.

Edgely stock are doing well
though the weather has been so
severe, for it required the united
efforts of four men to lead one cow
into a stable; this bovine basting
was successfully accomplished in the
short space of two hours.

The weather here lately has been
extremely cold, accompanied by
nasty cold winds, consequently
very little has been done, beyond
keeping the stove warm.

Mr. Joseph Craig struck a fine
spring of water the other day some-
where in the vicinity of his dam.

Our old friend, the waterwitch,
paid us a visit lately. We found
him as usual happy as a king.

Quadrille Party.

On Thursday, the 7th, the last
dance of the Quadrille Club was
held in the Town Hall. Unfortun-
ately, there had been a social in the
country on the previous evening,
which made the attendance some-
what small. As it was, there were
about 25 couples present, who,
under the able leadership of Mr.
Ed. Warner, danced until about
3 a.m. Although by no means a
success financially, the dance was a
great success, the supper being ex-
cellent and the music left nothing
to be desired. It is to be hoped
that next season the dances may be
respected and that the receipts may
go a long way towards reflooring
the hall and erecting a proper
stage.

HEART DISEASE RELIEVED IN 30
MINUTES.—All cases of organic or
sympathetic heart disease relieved
in 30 minutes and quickly cured,
by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart.
One dose convinces. Sold by C. E.
Carthew.

The Second Meeting

Of Our New Municipal Wise
Men—Several Communi-
cations Read.

The Treasurer's Resignation
Accepted—Important Busi-
ness Transacted.

Minutes of a regular meeting of
the Council, held in the Council
Chamber on Monday, Feb. 4th.

The Reeve and Councillors were
all present.

Minutes of last meeting were
read and adopted after being amend-
ed.

Several communications and ac-
counts were then read, also a pre-
liminary auditor's report.

The meeting then adjourned to
meet again at 1 p.m.

Council resumed pursuant to ad-
journment with the reeve and all
the councillors present.

Cates—Craig—The rules of order
were suspended for the purpose of
dealing with unfinished business.

Cates—Smith—That the request
of J. Miles to have the statute
labor, which is assessed against the
N.W. 1 Sec. 20, Tp. 13, R. 14, ex-
empted from the roll, be not allowed.
Carried.

Applications from Donald Fraser,
F. G. Whiting and Wm. Brown, for
the positions of Road Overseer were
received, read and laid over.

Cates—Smith—That James Fair's
request to have dam built and stoned
between Sec. 7 and 12, Tp. 13, R. 14
and 15, be referred to Road and
Bridge Committee to report at next
meeting of Council. Carried.

Raymond—Craig—That the clerk
be instructed to notify the Depart-
ment of the Interior that the posses-
sion of the Municipality now holds
regarding the possession of the
Immigration Building is unsat-
isfactory and request that the
lease be forwarded at once for
execution. Carried.

Smith—Hicks—That the Clerk
be instructed to correspond with
the Lake of the Woods Milling Co.,
and the Ogilvie Milling Co., urging
upon them the desirability of locat-
ing an elevator at this point. Car-
ried.

Smith—Cates—That the Clerk be
instructed to urge upon W. B.
Scarth the necessity of taking im-
mediate action in the matter of con-
veying the cemetery plot to the
municipality, and that the Council
will require not less than ten acres
and the deed to be made out for
blocks, with covenants. Carried.

Smith—Cates—That in considera-
tion of the payment of all munici-
pal taxes upon the N.E. 1 Sec. 26,
Tp. 13, R. 14, for the present year,
that Edward Handyside be allowed
the possession of said land and to
receive all benefits which the munici-
pality is entitled by reason of its
being the purchaser at the tax sale
held by the treasurer, and in the
event of the owner redeeming the
aforesaid land this resolution is to
become immediately null and void.
Carried.

Smith—Raymond—That in con-
formity with the request of the
trustees of Poplar Plains School
District No. 327, the Collector be
instructed to omit from that school
tax one dollar upon each and every
quarter section lying within said
school district. Carried.

Cates—Craig—That the Collector
be instructed not to collect the
statute labor charged against lot
28, block 154, and E. 1 Sec. 14, Tp.
13, R. 14. Carried.

Smith—Cates—That the Treas-
urer's resignation be accepted, to
take effect at the next regular meet-
ing of the Council. Carried.

The Treasurer's report and the
report of the Committee on F.A.
and S. were read and passed, and
the reeve and clerk were authorized
to issue cheques in payment of the
several amounts mentioned.

The meeting then adjourned to
meet again at 7 p.m. The meeting

resumed pursuant to adjournment,
with the Councillors all present.

Councillor Cates urged the matter
of plowing a fireguard around the
settled part of the municipality.

A by-law appointing a Treasurer
and a by-law amending By-law 175
were put through their various
stages, passed, signed and sealed.
The Council then adjourned sine
die.

Correspondence.

Our columns are open to all for the dis-
cussion of public questions. Personalities
will not be permitted. We do not hold our-
selves responsible for the opinions expressed
by correspondents.

The Defeated By-Law.

To the Editor THE PROGRESS.

SIR—I see by correspondence in
the Winnipeg and local press, that
there is general rejoicing in some
parts over the defeat of the bonus
by-law, in favor of the Wolseley
and Fort Qu'Appelle Railway. Just
why we should clap our hands over
the prospect of hauling our wheat
a distance of twenty miles across
the Qu'Appelle Valley for another
ten years, it is difficult to see.

However, it is not of this I wish
to write, but rather of the mistaken
impression that has been spread
abroad, that this project was Sen-
ator Perley's, and that he was going
to force it on the people, with
drenched fist, if necessary.

As a matter of fact, the under-
taking was a purely agricultural
one, under the auspices of such
public spirited men as P. Ferguson,
C. H. Bonesteel, W. Govan, A.
Hamilton, and others; but he is
said in justice to the Senator, that
although he had no personal inter-
est in the matter, he worked like
a Trojan from start to finish, and
his reward, from some quarters, is
abuse and misrepresentation.

Although the Senator is an old
campaigner I think I am safe in
saying that he never met with such
an unmercantile trade of abuse as
was meted out to him at the Bal-
conies polling booth.

It was only when that point was
reached, when patience ceased to be
a virtue, that the coat came off and
the querulous given to the volu-
mentous exuberance of the "well-known
and respectable settler."

We read that the co-workers in
this kind of warfare gave the "re-
spectable settler" a cap in com-
memoration of this occasion. We
are free to admit that, viewing the
situation from the standpoint of the
"co-workers," the cap was well
merited; but just why such unfair
discrimination in the distribution of
honors should be practiced, will be
the wonder of the general public
when the following fact is made
known: That Henry Klyne made a
declaration before three witnesses
and a magistrate, stating that he
believed he was not a duly qualified
voter when voting against the by-
law in favor of the Wolseley and
Fort Qu'Appelle Railway, and
further, that he was persuaded into
doing so by James Gibbons, against
his inclination. Although this
vote of H. Klyne's was chal-
lenged and sworn, yet in it went
and defeated the by-law. Now,
Mr. Editor, in the light of the above
mentioned declaration, I cannot help
propounding the following natural
query: If the father deserved a
cap, what should the son get?

Echo answers, What?

QUERIST.

Belle Plain, Feb. 11.

Sintaluta Siftings.

The Sintaluta school opened on
the 1st inst., with Miss Rothwell,
daughter of Inspector Rothwell, as
teacher.

On Friday, last week, three chil-
dren coming to school were badly
frost-bitten. They were taken in and
kindly cared for by one of the ladies
in town.

The farmers' elevator was closed
down on the first of the month.

Business is very slack just now
and hard times prevail.

—Among the latest applications
to parliament is one to incorporate
the Bank of Winnipeg.

Indian Head Items

A Few Brief Notes From Our
Enterprising Neighbor—
Real Estate.

Great Secrecy Maintained re
Carnival Costumes—
Lady Curlers.

The imported thoroughbred stal-
lion, St. Emanuel, formerly
owned by Wm. Puxley, Winnipeg
has been bought by R. Andross, of
Touchwood, who passed through
here with his purchase on his way
home last week. Admirers of
running stock claim that Mr. And-
ross's property is a model of equine
perfection. A bright bay, with
black points, standing 16 hands
large in the bone, with magnificent
crest and neck. Since importation
during the season of 1892, St.
Emanuel's success in the show ring
has been frequent, and among other
winnings may be noted the first
prize and sweepstakes at the Win-
nipeg exhibition in the summer of
1893.

Great secrecy is being maintained
in the preparation of costumes that
will be worn at the carnival on
Friday night. It has been an-
nounced that a novel feature of the
evening will be a curling match
between four lady players and a
picked four from the members of
the club.

On Tuesday, the N.E. 1 6, 18,
11, was offered for sale under mort-
gage by Geo. Davidson, auctioneer,
Qu'Appelle. There was practically
no bidding, and the property re-
mained on the hands of the mort-
gagor.

A quiet wedding took place at
the residence of Mr. E. McGowan
last week, the contracting parties
being Mr. H. Gordon, barber, and
Miss Annie M. McGowan.

The Municipal Council meets on
Friday, 15th inst. Among other
business the appointment of road
overseers for the current year will
be in order.

Spencerville Splashes.

It is to be regretted that the
meeting for the formation of the
Grassington School District, held at
Mr. Alex. McBride's, was, owing to
the inclemency of the weather, so
poorly attended, only three of those
brave men being present. We
understand the business was put
through without any delay.

Spencerville welcomes the Misses
McConnell and is pleased to see
them looking so well on their re-
turn from Wolesley. We would
rather keep our young ladies than
see young fellows down the line
take them away.

The meeting for the formation of
the Starr's Point School District, at
Mr. Fred Blakeney's, on Thursday
last, was pretty well attended, al-
though it was not exactly summer
weather. Mr. H. R. Hall took the
chair a few minutes after 12 o'clock
noon, D. H. Starr, Sr., secretary.
D. H. Starr, Sr., J. F. Cates and
George Bailey were unanimously
elected school trustees. Some dis-
sent was shown to the name, as a
few could not see where the "Point"
comes in. Your correspondent's
opinion is that the "Starr" without
the point is good enough. At the
meeting "Woodend," "Woodlands,"
and "Lakeview" were suggested.
Since the meeting, I hear that some
propose getting up a petition to
have the name changed. A cordial
vote of thanks was given the chair-
man for the able manner in which
he performed his duties, to which he
replied in a brief and happy man-
ner. The trustees propose opening
the school about April 1.

Catarrah Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes
One short puff of the breath through the
Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr.
Agnew's Catarrah Powder, dissolves the Powde
over the surface of the nasal passages. Pain
less and delightful to use, it cures instantly
and permanently cures Catarrah, Hay Fever,
Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis
and Deafness. 60 cents. At C.E. Carthew's

The Qu'Appelle Progress,

Is Published every Thursday
At THE PROGRESS PRINTING OFFICE, in the
Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, Canada.
The rates for our advertising space by
contract are as follows:

	One	One	Three	One
	week.	month.	months.	year.
One column	\$5.00	\$8.00	\$15.00	\$50.00
Half column	2.50	4.00	7.50	25.00
Quarter column	1.25	2.00	3.75	12.50
Three inches	2.00	3.00	5.00	15.00
Two inches	1.50	2.00	3.50	10.00

Business cards \$1.00 per month payable
quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to auction
sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings,
legal notices, or anything of a transitory
nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents
per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each
additional insertion. Yearly advertisements
allowed to be charged monthly, if ordered
\$1.00 will be charged for each additional
change.

Business cards, 50 cents for first twenty-
five words, 2 cents for each additional word.
The publisher reserves the right to refuse
to insert advertisements of a questionable
or objectionable character.

Subscription: \$1.00 per annum, in
advance; if not paid for in advance, \$1.50
will be charged. Single copies 5 cents.
A liberal commission will be allowed to
parties who are willing to act as agents for
us. Write for terms.

THE QU'APPELLE PRINTING AND
PUBLISHING CO., LIMITED,
Qu'Appelle, Assin.

FREDERICK BELL, Manager.

THURSDAY, FEB. 14, 1895.

SEED GRAIN.

The question of the granting of
Government seed grain has become
indeed a burning one. Leaving
aside the expediency of so doing, it
has become an absolute necessity,
providing that the Ottawa authori-
ties do not wish the depopulation
of the Northwest to be laid at their
doors, for if such is not granted this
will most assuredly take place, at
all events, in a very marked degree.
Last year, owing to a failure of
crops, the great majority of farmers
did not reap sufficient to supply
their requirements for seed for the
coming year, and having a very
much larger acreage ready to sow
in the spring, if seed is not supplied
them their labor will have been in
vain; their prepared land will run
to weeds, and in sheer disgust
numbers will shake the dust of the
Northwest from off their feet and
count fortune somewhere else. Who
will blame them? This is not mere
sentiment, but a plain, unvarnished
statement of facts, and it will be
but politic for the Government to
recognize it as such, otherwise, it
will be brought to their notice in a
very forcible manner in the near
future when they ask a continuance
of the confidence hitherto accorded
them. Mr. Davin, M.P., who cer-
tainly deserves well of his con-
stituents if for this alone, is now in
Ottawa interviewing Mr. Daly and
other members of the Government
on this subject, and is leaving no
stone unturned to effect a satis-
factory settlement, with, we are
sorry to say, no satisfactory results
up to the present; but Mr. Davin,
when he undertakes a thing, is very
hard to overcome, and with such a
conclusive case he must and will
succeed. All assistance should be
given him in his efforts and his
hands strengthened in every way.

A Piece of Sickness.

There is a piece of General Sickles
over in the Army Medical museum
of Washington, a large bone, splin-
tered about midway, where the bul-
let struck, marked "No. 1335." The
tag says: "Major General D. E. S.,
United States Volunteers, Gettys-
burg, July 2; amputated in the lower
third of the thigh by Surgeon T.
Sims on the field; stump healed rap-
idly, and subject was able to ride in
carriage July 16; completely healed
so that he could mount his horse Sep-
tember, 1863. Contributed by the
subject."

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.—Distress- ing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding prompt- ness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and

Canarh Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes

One short puff of the breath through the
Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr.
Agnew's Canarh Powder, dissolves the Powder
over the surface of the nasal passages. Pain
less and delightful to use, it relieves instant-
ly and permanently cures Canarh, Hay Fever,
Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis
and Deafness. 60 cents. At C.E. Cartwright's

Nuts for a Deceitful Friend to Crack.

Scorn to do a mean action. Mock
no man in his misfortunes.

In every material action of your
life, consider well its probable re-
sult.

Pride in a beauty is like a flaw
in a diamond. Empty vessels make
the greatest sound.

Mend your manners and that
will mend your fortune.

Unsatisfactory results are ever
the consequence of imperfect plans.

Affliction is at best a deformity.

Even triviality, imbecility, that
can sit silent, how respectable it is
in comparison with the rapid ver-
biage of shallow praters.

If the silence of the wise is wis-
dom, much more is a tongue-tied
condition expedient for a fool.

There are some persons so full of
nothings, that like the strait Sea of
Pontis, they perpetually empty
themselves by their mouths, mak-
ing every company or single person
they fasten on to be their Pro-
Pontis.

I hope by such time my profes-
sed friend reaches the town again,
I may find that these few nuts
have been cracked and digested,
which will save me the trouble of
administering a medicine. D.H.

How Turks Pray For the Infidels.

The following is an exact transla-
tion from the Arabic of the official
prayer of Islam, which is used
throughout Turkey and daily repeat-
ed in the Cairo Azhar university by
10,000 Mohammedan students from
all lands:

"I seek refuge with Allah from
Satan, the accursed. In the name of
Allah the Compassionate, the Merciful!
O Lord of all Creatures! O Allah!
Destroy the infidels and poly-
theists, thine enemies, the enemies
of the religion! O Allah! Make their
children orphans, and defile their
abodes, and cause their feet to slip,
and give them and their families,
and their households and their wom-
en, and their children, and their re-
latives by marriage, and their broth-
ers, and their friends, and their pos-
sessions, and their race, and their
wealth, and their lands, as booty to
the Muslims, O Lord of all Crea-
tures!"

In all the other religions of even
the semi-civilized nations of the globe
there can be no prayer found to par-
allel this cruel appeal of Islam to the
spirit of inhumanity. Bulgaria, Da-
mascus, Lebanon and Armenia may
or may not be mere hotbeds of anti-
Turkish intrigue. With such a na-
tional prayer Turkey stands self
condemned before the world.—Phil-
adelphia Record.

"Carat" as Applied to Diamonds.

Although the term "carat" is ap-
plied to diamonds as well as to gold,
it does not mean the same thing.
Used with regard to the metal, it ex-
presses quality or fineness, 24 carat
being pure gold and 22 karat equal
to coined gold. But applied to the
diamond carat means actual weight,
and by this measure 115½ carats are
equal to an ounce troy. The value of
a diamond is not merely so much per
carat, irrespective of size, but in-
creases in an increasing ratio with
the weight of the stone.

To give an example: If \$20 be the
value of a stone of one carat of the
"first water"—that is, colorless and
free from brown tinge—a stone of
two carats would be worth \$40, or
\$20 per carat; one of five carats,
\$250, or \$50 per carat; one of ten
carats, \$2,200, or \$220 per carat.
Thus it is that when stones are found
of a phenomenal size their value is
almost incalculable and can only be
approximately appraised by the most
skillful and experienced experts.
And thus it is that we often hear of
fabulous and utterly impossible val-
uations of gems.—Chambers' Jour-
nal.

A Piece of Sickness.

There is a piece of General Sickles
over in the Army Medical museum
of Washington, a large bone, splin-
tered about midway, where the bul-
let struck, marked "No. 1335." The
tag says: "Major General D. E. S.,
United States Volunteers, Gettys-
burg, July 2; amputated in the lower
third of the thigh by Surgeon T.
Sims on the field; stump healed rap-
idly, and subject was able to ride in
carriage July 16; completely healed
so that he could mount his horse Sep-
tember, 1863. Contributed by the
subject."

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.—Distress- ing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding prompt- ness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and



A CANADIAN BUILDING.

Illustrations of the New Dairy School
at Guelph, Ont.

The nineteenth annual report of the
Ontario Agricultural college is before
us. What our Canadian cousins are do-
ing in the matter of dairy progress came
to many of us as a revelation at the
World's fair. Everything that a govern-
ment and enterprising people can do to
forward the butter, milk and cheese in-

terest is being done there. The travel-
ling dairies have proved a feature of
great advantage to dairymen and cream-
ery men in the Dominion. What the
government does there the farmers' in-
stitutes ought to do with us, with per-
haps some state aid. Illustrations of im-
proved dairy, butter and cheese produ-
cing methods ought to be a part of every
programme. The more pure milk, butter
and cheese civilized man can be induced
to consume the better it will be for his
own health and the industrial interests
of his country.

The Ontario Agricultural college has
built a new dairy school building, of
which it is justly proud.

The house is two stories high and is
built of red brick. The first picture
shows the elevation in a section cut
down through the middle. The power to
run the separators, churns, etc., is not
in this structure, but is supplied from
the old dairy building. A steam engine
is the power usually employed, but for
small churnings a tread power operated
by a horse, pony or even sometimes the
students themselves is utilized.

The second illustration gives the
ground plan of the handsome and con-
venient dairy schoolhouse. In one room
are six different cream separators, so
that if these are fairly experimented

with there is good prospect we shall
know which is the best one. The school
has also experimented as to the respec-
tive merits of butter making by separa-
tor and extractor process.

The plan explains itself perfectly. In
the school the past year some of the
most promising and desirable students
were young ladies.

Spilling Milk in Cold Weather.

Milk may be spoiled by handling in
cold weather as well as in hot. Now is
the time for the factory men to look out
for milk that has stood overnight in
closed cans without stirring or aerating
in any way. The patron thinks it is all
right, the milk will be cool by morning,
and he need not trouble himself further
than to strain the milk into the can and
let it stand. This trouble is very notice-
able where the cheese factories take in
the night's milk skimmed. Not long
since the editor of The Report had occa-
sion to look at some butter from a cheese
factory. The commission merchant did
not know what was the trouble with the
butter, but it failed to satisfy his cus-
tomers. It was firm and of good texture
and color, but the flavor was peculiar.
It needed but a brief examination to
find that peculiar fetid or putrid odor
which comes from shutting milk up in
cans without aerating or stirring. The
worst of it is the colder the weather the
more pronounced the flavor will be. The
cold air cools the outside quickly, the
cream rises and forms a coating on the
top of the milk, impervious to evapora-
tion, so that none of the gases can es-
cape. In the center of the cans the milk
stays warm, and decay—not fermentation—
sets in, and the milk, instead of
souring, gets putrid and spoils, not only
the particular can, but all the milk in
the vat. This is where the butter maker,
when he receives his milk, can do some
good missionary work among his pa-
trons, and not only do them some good,
but aid him in making better goods.
Take a whiff of the cans when they are
on the receiving stand, and if there
shows up any odor that makes you wish
for a change suggest to the patron he is
not handling his milk right.—Elgin
Dairy Report.

Oleomargarine Law Valid.

The validity of the Massachusetts
statute prohibiting the sale in that state
of oleomargarine, "colored so as to re-
semble butter made of pure milk or
cream," has been affirmed in a majority
opinion of the United States supreme
court. Justices Fuller, Field and Brewer
dissented on the ground that the act
was in violation of the freedom of com-
merce between states.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Northwest Territories, Judicial District of
Western Assiniboia, to wit:

By virtue of a Writ of Execution issued
out of the Supreme Court of the
Northwest Territories, Judicial District of
Western Assiniboia, at the suit of John
Lahatt and to me directed against the lands
of Thomas Macdonell, I have seized and
taken into execution the following lands,
namely: The northeast quarter of section
twenty-eight (28), in township seventeen
(17), in range thirteen (13), west of the sec-
ond (2nd) meridian, in the Northwest
Territories, which I shall expose for sale on
Saturday, the thirteenth day of April, 1895,
at my office, in the court house, Regina, at
the hour of 10 o'clock noon.

JAMES H. BENSON, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, Regina, Jan. 11, 1895.
17-25

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—

South American Rheumatic Cure for
Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically
cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action
upon the system is remarkable and
mysterious. The first dose greatly
benefits. 75 cents. Sold by C.
E. Cartlew, Qu'Appelle.

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PROPRIETORS.

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\$100 REWARD!

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are in the habit of selling pings and parts of
plugs of inferior Tobacco, representing them
to be the genuine

"T. & B."

Myrtle Navy.

The genuine ping is stamped with the letters
"T & B" in bronze. Purchasers will confer
a favor by looking for the trade mark when
purchasing.

Est's reward of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS
will be given to anyone for information lead-
ing to the conviction of any person, or
persons guilty of the above fraudulent
practices, or infringing on our trade mark
in any manner whatsoever.

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hold. Special market and financial re-
ports. The best sporting page in the
land. An absolutely clean and whole-
some home newspaper.

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From twenty to forty pages of bright
news, sparkling special articles and lit-
erary matter. A model, high-class met-
ropolitan Sunday paper.

Think over the proposition and send in
your subscription at once.

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\$1.75.

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seen at the Progress office.

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E. Cartlew, Qu'Appelle.

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The Weekly Nor'-Wester

TILL 1896 FOR \$1.00.

The favor with which the Nor'-Wester
is evidenced by the manner in which it
has fairly leaped into circulation, has
been received, is something almost un-
precedented in the world's history of
journalism.

"INDEPENDENT—NOT NEUTRAL," is
the motto of the Nor'-Wester. It is
not the organ of any political party or
business enterprise; but is a journal
always free to espouse, criticize or con-
demn the cause or contention of any
party or organization—political, com-
mercial or otherwise—as fealty to the
Northwest may, upon dispassionate
and intelligent consideration, seem to
demand.

At the price the Weekly Nor'-Wester
is offered to new subscribers—One
Dollar from any time hereafter till Janu-
ary 1st, 1896—but the merest fraction
over the cost of the white paper used
in it is asked. It is the largest Weekly
paper published in Canada.

In subscribing, simply write name
and post office on a piece of paper and
enclose it and ONE DOLLAR in an en-
velope addressed

NOR'-WESTER.
Winnipeg, Canada,

A COWBOY'S "AD."

(Concluded.)

As the item met Fred's eye a change came over his face, and clipping it from the paper he conveyed it to Miss Halsted.

"I'm rather sorry, after all, Dolly, that we selected such a man for a fool," he said, with a seriousness, to him, unusual. "He certainly appears to have a heart, and a big one."

Dolly smiled, albeit somewhat satirically.

"It's the dollar, not the sentiment, with you, Fred," she astutely returned.

Fred made no reply. Possibly his respect for gold was a characteristic admitting of no denial.

But the young girl was again perusing the report, and in the last line she encountered four words previously unnoticed, "Mr. Witham badly injured."

Her face was slightly paler as she looked up.

"He's given more than his dollars, Fred," she said in a low tone.

Fred looked grave. At the same time there was depicted in his expression a vague sense of relief.

"Well, that lets us out," he returned. "To tell the truth, Dolly, I was beginning to wonder how we could extricate ourselves gracefully."

But Fred erred, and that gravely, in believing he was to escape thus easily from the correspondence which he had begun. Three days later he was again summoned into Miss Halsted's presence, and that young lady met him with a look of blank dismay. She had received another letter from Mr. Witham and of a character vastly dissimilar to those of earlier date. Moreover, a small package accompanied the letter. Within reposed a ring, whose glistening stone was worthy to grace even Dolly's taper fingers, and the sender was following the ring.

"Here!" the young girl ejaculated almost tearfully. "He's coming here!"

Fred knit his brow. Manifestly he was disconcerted, and he took the letter from her hand. But there was no loophole for misconstruction. The writer was no longer an appealing swain suing for favor. He had met with an accident—had narrowly escaped death—and by it was warned that delay frequently meant disaster. At the closing statement, however, Fred exhibited some slight relief. Mr. Witham did not intend "ropeing a wife," as he would a steer—unannounced. He would await Miss Weldon's pleasure at the Palace hotel.

"And we'll have to meet him there," Fred declared in a tone of desperation. "We?" the young girl exclaimed. "I'm not Miss Weldon."

"Well, I will, then," Fred returned. "But what will I tell him—that you're sick, dead or left the city?" Miss Halsted shook her head.

"That would only mean procrastination, with an explanation still to be made," she said dubiously. "No; if you are going to meet him—if you dare to meet him—tell him the truth."

Fred winced. It had not previously occurred to him that an encounter with Mr. Witham might entail bodily discomfort.

"Do—do you suppose he'll fight?" he queried half absently.

"I hope so. You deserve it," was the young girl's reply. Then she paused, and her eyes sparkled mischievously as she noted her companion's dejection. "No, I don't mean that, Fred," she added. "I would not like you to get hurt. But you must see him."

"And I will, Dolly," was Fred's earnest rejoinder, his love for her sex fast tending toward centralization. "For you I'd interview that gentleman who buys his shoes at the farmer's."

But words are not actions. The following day was nearly at an end when Fred entered the Palace hotel and glanced over the register. Inwardly he was praying that the name of Witham should not appear upon its pages; that its owner might be reposing beneath a wrecked train, shot by express robbers, intoxicated by the wayside—anything. But there it was, and at sight of it he repaired to the barroom.

That courage, however, which is attributed to Holland appeared to have lost its potency, and he soon returned to the office. His hand trembled as he drew a card from his pocket, but it had to be done, and he tendered it to the clerk.

"Mr. Witham," he said tersely.

Five minutes later a speaking tube wheezed, and he watched the clerk. But the suspense was of brief duration. Yes, Mr. Witham was in and would be pleased to see Mr. Weldon at once.

Fred drew a long breath, then straightened up and walked toward the elevator. Hitherto he had never entered one of those elevators at the Palace without speculating on their safety, but now he wished it would fall. He even contemplated mental-

ly his own bruised and mangled remains and the consequent press notices. But it reached the third floor without mishap.

The bellboy, too, seemed as if bent on hastening the calamitous work, for he at once conducted him to the door of Mr. Witham's room and tapped loudly on the panel.

"Come," was the cheery response that floated through the transom, and Fred shuddered. Then he pulled himself together and turned the knob.

But on the threshold he paused. Mr. Witham, the "cowboy," was seated within, and of exterior he was not at all formidable. His features, albeit bearded, were boyish, pleasant and rather handsome, and his attire was that affected by a man of the world. But it was not with him that Fred was now concerned. Dorothy Halsted was seated on his knee.

Fred was like a man dazzled by some sudden revelation. He seemed almost to stagger. But the "cowboy" smiled.

Then, lifting Dolly, he deposited her in his own seat and advanced, with extended hand.

"My wife, Mr. Weldon," he observed lightly. "We have had her father's blessing. I trust we have yours."

Fred stared. He was yet like one in the dark, and he scarcely noticed the hand that clasped his own.

But he was speedily enlightened, and by Miss Halsted, or rather the former Miss Halsted herself.

"Yes, Fred," she said, with a wealth of smiles and blushes, "we must confess to a little deception. My own photo and not Mr. Clio's was inclosed in your first letter, and after the second my—my husband always wrote two letters, one for us and one for me. Fred, I think his appreciation of the situation influenced me—just a bit—in what has happened."

Fred bowed—very coldly. He was himself again. "It all goes to show," he afterward averred, "that women can't be trusted, even in matters of popular entertainment."

—Lieutenant F. H. Browne in Washington Post.

THE POOLING OF THE WORLD.

The Ideas of Asia Will Yet Greatly Modify Western Life.

Europe and Asia and America cannot embrace as they are doing without a mental as well as a commercial effect upon the first named. Most of our readers know men and women who have become, as the phrase runs, "cosmopolitans"—that is, have imbibed the ways and ideas of many European countries, and know, too, how widely different such "cosmopolitans" are from ordinary English people. Henceforward cosmopolitanism will imply residence in several continents instead of several countries, and the differentiation of ideas thus produced will be far more marked. Speaking broadly, and of course with reserve as to individuals, we have never met an Anglo-Asiatic who was not more imperious, an Anglo-African who was not harder or an Anglo-American who was not more cynically tolerant than the average Englishman on the same plane of intelligence, and the process of change has yet only begun. The ideas of Asia, for example, have not arrived here in any strength yet, but they will come, and they will profoundly affect both morals and manners. "Asiatic ideas do not travel," did you say? Why, there is not a creed believed on earth, except fetishism, which did not originate on that continent. Just study what the returned Crusaders were like and what the fighting "orders" which remained in Asia for nearly 200 years.

We are not saying, be it understood, that all that comes will be deleterious. Asia has her virtues as well as Europe, and we are the last to forget that if Buddhism and Mohammedanism are Asiatic creeds so also is Christianity. But that the mental influence of the east, and of the south, too, will be felt here we have no doubt whatever, any more than that it will be felt in a very profound way. Already we fancy we perceive that the grand Asiatic idea, the superiority of reflection to action, is becoming accepted in many quarters, and we cannot conceive an idea which, if it became general, even as an abstract opinion, would so profoundly modify all western life. We mark, too, both in France and England, the slow growth of the oriental idea of fate—the blind power—though we still conceal our new reverence for it under words like "heredity," "society," "tendency," and "circumstance" and try, by mixing western altruism with it, to conceal from ourselves the fact that fatalism is nonmoral. The subject is, perhaps, too big for a newspaper, and, as we have said, the visible importation of Asiatic ideas and African callousness is as yet but limited, but still it is well to remember when we boast of our maritime feats and the record breaking speed of our steamers that you cannot abolish distance without abolishing also in some degree difference, both economic and intellectual.



YOUNG GALLOWAYS.

These Two Belong to a Herd of Beautiful Prize Winners.

From a fine picture in The Breeder's Gazette we reproduce the following portraits of two young Galloway cattle. They belong to a prize winning herd in Minnesota.

The fine woolly coats of the Galloway doddies have never been seen in a picture to better advantage than they are here shown. Why some people go to so much fuss and bother breeding a cross between the civilized cow and the wild buffalo just to get either a curiosity or an improved hide it is hard to understand.



GALLOWAY CATTLE.

stand. If they want a dime museum animal, perhaps they should be encouraged to go on. But if they want a cow that is full of delicious beef, fully as hardy as a buffalo and with hair as fine, thick and soft as that on the back of any non-descript creature produced from mixed milk cow and buffalo blood, here is the beautiful Galloway ready made. In the northwest its breeding will pay well because of the double value of flesh and fur.

The report of the American Galloway Breeders' association shows that organization to be in prosperous condition. Its president is Mr. S. P. Clarke, Dover, Ills.

Horses in the Show Ring.

It is conceded that to be eligible to win a prize in the show ring a horse should be absolutely sound. To this end inspection by a qualified veterinary surgeon is indispensable, and if horse shows are to take in America the place they hold in England or France some rules providing for such examination must be formulated and put in force. The regulations of almost all the state fairs and other shows held in this country provide for the inspection by veterinarians of the horses entered, but they are, to speak plainly, never lived up to, and as a result many an unsound horse has been placed at the head of his class.

A show is intended primarily to be educational, but nothing desirable can possibly be taught by the awarding of the blue ribbon to a horse that is not sound, and therefore not entitled to a position in the prize list. It is natural enough that managers of shows should be averse to injuring the reputation of any horse that may be exhibited, and this feeling undoubtedly accounts for the superciliousness of the veterinary inspection practiced at the most of the shows held hitherto in America. If, however, it were known that each horse sent forward would be subjected to a rigid examination by a board of well known veterinarians, owners would keep the unsound ones at home, and a marked improvement in the quality of the exhibits would be noted in a short time.

The London method of inspection is the most simple and consequently the most easily managed. The horses entered in any class are shown in the ring. The judges select their "short list," the animals in which are then taken to inspectors who examine them, give certificates to those they pass and reject those that are unsound in any particular. Those to which certificates have been given are then returned to the ring and placed by the judges in their order of merit. Those that are rejected are led to their stalls. Of course a horse thus condemned depreciates in value the moment he fails to reappear in the list; but, on the other hand, it is known that the prize winners are absolutely sound, which guides breeders in making their selection. Placing, then, together the depreciation mentioned and the great good to be derived from using only sound horses, it will be found that the latter very much outweighs the former, and the advantages gained by enforcing veterinary inspection at shows becomes at once apparent to the most casual observer.—Horseman.

Clydesdale Advice.

Retain for breeding purposes all recorded mares of good average quality and suitable age.

Invest in good grade Clydesdale mares having a sufficient number of recorded crosses to entitle their produce to record.

Spare no effort in advertising the merits of the Clydesdale on all occasions by word of mouth and through the local press and the live stock and agricultural papers.

Advertise your surplus stallions in the live stock and agricultural papers.

Contribute in all possible ways a full measure of enthusiasm to all matters pertaining to the breeding and sale of pure bred Clydesdale stallions and mares and make the most of every opportunity to promote the interests in breeding grade draft horses.

Never entertain a doubt as to the fact that there is no branch of live stock breeding that promises more certain and satisfactory returns than the breeding of Clydesdale and grade Clydesdale horses.—Ex-Com. Am. Clydesdale Association.

COLTS' TEETH.

Like Children's Teeth, They Give Trouble When They Come and Go.

Dr. E. P. Niles, in bulletin No. 30, Virginia agricultural experiment station, says:

In the colts the incisor and first three molars on each jaw are always temporary and replaced by permanent teeth some time during the animal's life. The last three molars are always permanent and are never replaced. The teeth make their appearance as follows: The two middle incisors and the first three molars make their appearance before or some days after birth, the first laterals four to six weeks after birth, second laterals, or corner teeth, six to nine months after birth, the fourth molar (first permanent one) is cut at from 10 to 12 months of age. At 2½ years the middle incisors and the first and second molars are replaced. At the same time the fifth molar is cut. At 3½, the first lateral incisors and the third molar are replaced. At 4½ the corner teeth are replaced, and the sixth molar is cut. In case of a male the canine teeth are also replaced at 4½.

Dentition in young colts is sometimes accompanied by very unfavorable symptoms. The most serious trouble arising from faulty dentition in young colts is indigestion with diarrhea. In this trouble both the molar and incisor teeth may be at fault. If the molars alone give rise to the trouble, the cause of the diarrhea may be overlooked, but upon a careful examination of the mouth the gums will be seen to be swollen, inflamed and painful to the touch. Should the incisors also be involved the colt will refuse to take his mouth meat, owing to the painful condition of the gums covering the teeth, which have not at this time made their appearance through them. If the gums are freely lanced, the unfavorable symptoms soon pass away, and the colt is restored to his normal health. Diarrhea, however, is not constant in these cases. The writer has often been called in in cases when the only symptom present was the refusal of the colt to suckle, when it did in a vigorous manner after the lancing of the gums over the incisor teeth.

We have stated that the replacement of the temporary teeth begins at 2½ years of age and continues until 4½ or 5 years of age. During this time there is frequently more or less cough, which is known as "dental cough," due to the irritation of the mucous membrane lining the mouth and throat, as a result of the teething process. This cough is never of a serious nature and needs no special treatment. The eyes are also sometimes affected through reflex irritation, which usually passes off when dentition is completed. It not infrequently happens during dentition that the temporary molar is not properly shed. In such cases the animal cuts with difficulty, frequently turning the head to one side while masticating its food. The bones of the face enlarge in the region of the faulty tooth, and pus frequently forms in the sinus immediately over the tooth and the adjacent facial bones, producing an offensive purulent discharge from the corresponding nostril.

A Horse Tramp Power.

I can grind feed either fine or coarse, consequently as well prepared for feeding as if ground by a regular miller. I save the time going to mill as well as something on toll, as quite often the grinding is done when the weather is unfavorable for working out of doors. If a farmer or dairyman keeps and feeds as he should ten head of stock, he can afford to have a mill. With this number, and even a greater number, a good sweep mill, costing but a trifle as compared with other outfits, may be used. If circumstances will permit the purchase and management of a mill having a greater capacity, then this kind should be used. My mill grinds from 8 to 15 bushels of shelled corn, oats, wheat rye or any shelled grain, separated or mixed, according to fineness and condition, in one hour. In my business I use a two horse tramp power and consider it the cheapest, safest and most satisfactory where this amount of power is sufficient to run the mill in use satisfactorily. I can grind corn and cob at the same time, but my mill is rather small and the power hardly sufficient where the corn is large and hard. Sometimes I select small ears and grind without shelling. I grind and use corn, oats, rye, wheat. I believe it is economy and a satisfaction to own and use a farm mill, depending, of course, upon the amount of feed to be prepared, upon the capacity of the mill, etc. I use a feed mill, run by a two horse tramp power, which also runs my separator, a churn and butter worker. I expect to run a corn sheller and feed cutter by it soon.—H. T. B. in Rural New Yorker.

Live Stock Potatoes.

The markets during the holidays presented in many places an appearance as attractive as if they contained fruits and vegetables instead of meat. Every year the taste of live stock breeders and meat dealers is improving. Lately it has become the custom among those who know how to do the proper thing to cover the bloody stump of a dressed sheep's neck with paper pinned or tied over it in the form of a cap. It adds 50 per cent to the looks of the carcass.

The various breeders' associations report almost universally lowered receipts on account of hard times.

Jerusalem artichokes that grow so profusely in many parts of the south are a good food for swine, but care must be taken not to let them spread too far. When they get the upper hand, they are as pestiferous as yellow dock. Hogs will root them out and devour them, however.

Never buy dealers' mixed foods. Buy the materials and do your own mixing. A good "mixer" is invaluable on a live stock farm.

An intelligent horse loves mastic.

To get ewes into thrifty condition feed them half a pound of oats a day for some time.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC

STOMACH AND LIVER CURE

The Wonderful HEALTH BUILDER & NERVE FOOD

This Remedy cures Indigestion and Dyspepsia, as well as all Nervous Diseases, by acting on the Nerve Centres at the base of the brain. It has been absolutely demonstrated, that two-thirds of our diseases and ailments, are due to the deranged Nerve Centres at the base of or within the brain.

SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC IS A WONDERFUL CURE FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.

Loss of Appetite, Weight and Tenderness in the Stomach. Sour Stomach Pain in the Stomach, Wind upon the Stomach, Nausea and Sick Stomach, Sick-Headache, Hiccough, Water Brash, Heartburn, Vertigo and Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Frightful Dreams, etc.

The Stomach suffers more than any of the other organs from disease, because into it are taken so many indigestible and irritating substances as articles of food. In its great effort to digest these, it soon becomes weakened and diseased. Under such circumstances, it is not wonderful that so many complain of indigestion and weak stomachs. When the stomach fails to digest and assimilate the food, the whole body falls into a state of weakness and decay, for Nature has decreed that the body must constantly receive nutriment through the stomach, to repair the waste of tissue constantly going on in the system.

The South American Nerve Tonic

Is probably the greatest remedy ever discovered for the cure of all Chronic Stomach troubles, because it acts through the nerve centres. It gives marked relief in ONE DAY, and very soon effects a permanent cure. The first bottle will convince anyone that a cure is certain.



It will cure you.

July 16th, 1893.

Walkerton, Ont.

WHAT AN EX-MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT, REUBEN E. TRUMAN, SAYS.

I have been for some time very much troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia, have tried a great many different kinds of patent medicines, and have been treated by a number of physicians and found no benefit from them. I was recommended to try SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC. I obtained a bottle, and I must say I have found very great relief, and have since taken two more bottles, and now feel that I am entirely free from indigestion, and would strongly recommend all my fellow sufferers from the disease, to give SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC an immediate trial.

(My signature) *Reuben E. Truman*

A MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL SPEAKS.

INTERBONO, Ontario, June 27th, 1893.

To the Proprietor of South American Nerve Tonic.

DEAR SIR,—I have much pleasure in recommending the great SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC to all who are afflicted as I have been, with nervous prostration and indigestion. I found very great relief from the very first bottle, which was strongly recommended to me by my druggist. I also induced my wife to use it, who, I must say, was completely run down and was suffering very much from general debility. She found great relief from SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC, and also cheerfully recommends it to her fellow sufferers.

(My signature) *Rev. W. S. Barker*

Sick Headache

Is dependent on deranged nerve centres and indigestion. Hence its cure must come through building up the Nervous System and curing the Stomach. SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC will absolutely cure this dreaded malady and prevent its return.

A SWORN CURE FOR ST. VITUS'S DANCE.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Indiana. My daughter, twelve years old, had been afflicted for several months with St. Vitus's Dance. She was reduced to a skeleton, could not walk, could not talk, could not swallow anything but milk; I had to handle her like an infant. Doctors and neighbors gave her up. I commenced giving her the SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC, and the effects were very surprising. In three days she was out of her nervousness, and rapidly improved. Four bottles cured her completely. I think the SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC the greatest remedy ever discovered, and would recommend it to everyone. MRS. W. T. ENGLISH, State of Indiana. Subscribed and sworn to before me this May 19, 1894.

CHAS. M. TRAVIS, Notary Public.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

C. E. CARTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Wholesale and Retail Agent.]

DR. HALL, Agent, Fort Qu'Appelle.

A. J. ORCHARD, Agent, Indian Head.

R. B. TAYLOR, Agent, Grenfell.

Weekly Free Press, \$1. Semi-Weekly, \$2. TO JANUARY 1, 1896.

Any person who, before January 1st next, sends in a year's subscription for either of above papers will receive the paper until January 1st, 1896, and will receive also

A VALUABLE PREMIUM.

One of a list of well bound books, worth 75c., which are now on hand in the Free Press office, till the supply is exhausted.

The list of books is published in the Weekly and Semi-Weekly Free Press, and they will be sent out as fast as the orders come in. Early orders will have widest choice.

In sending your orders name several books. If your first choice is out of stock, second will be sent, and so on.

Orders must in all cases be direct from the subscriber to the Free Press, accompanied by the year's subscription in full.

This offer will positively not be open after December 31st.

The Weekly or Semi-Weekly Free Press is, either one, superior to any other weekly paper in Manitoba or the Northwest.

THE MANITOBA FREE PRESS CO



SHERIFF'S SALE.

North-West Territories, Judicial District of Western Assiniboia, to wit:—

By virtue of a Writ of Execution, issued out of the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories, Judicial District of Western Assiniboia, at the suit of Arthur J. Osment and to me directed against the lands of George Cole, I have seized and taken into Execution the following lands, to-wit:—The Southwest Quarter of section Two (2), Township Seventeen (17), Range Eleven (11), West of the Second (2nd) Meridian, in the Northwest Territory, which I shall expose for sale on Tuesday, the 16th day of April, 1895, at my office in the Court House, Regina, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon.

JAMES H. BENSON.

Sheriff's Office, Regina, January 15th, 1895.

Get your job printing done at the

PROGRESS Office.

A Big Dollar's Worth

The Winnipeg Weekly Tribune, which is acknowledged to have—even by rival publishers—the largest circulation of any paper published in Canada west of Lake Superior, is now offering great inducements to intending subscribers. It can be obtained from now to January 1st, 1896, for \$1—a very slight advance on the cost of the white paper used in its publication. At its regular price of \$1 a year the Weekly Tribune is certainly extra value, and with the balance of this year from the offer becomes an extraordinary one. The fact that the Weekly Tribune reaches more homes in the North-West than any other paper published, is strong evidence that it is recognized as the great family newspaper. It publishes Dr. Talmage's sermon each week, and gives more Manitoba and North-West news from its own correspondents than all other Winnipeg papers combined. This is especially interesting to the settler, as almost every district is represented. It can be had from now to the end of next year by sending \$1 to the Tribune Publishing Co., Winnipeg.

Qu'Appelle Observatory.
Reading of the thermometer for the week ending Tuesday, Feb. 12, 1895.

	Maximum.	Minimum.
Wednesday, Feb. 6	-17	-25
Thursday, Feb. 7	-11	-32
Friday, Feb. 8	-7	-29
Saturday, Feb. 9	-10	-14
Sunday, Feb. 10	10	-4
Monday, Feb. 11	6	-2
Tuesday, Feb. 12	7	-2

WIND DIRECTION AND VELOCITY.

	6 A.M.	1 P.M.	6 P.M.
Wednesday, ..	N.W.	N.W.	N.W.
Thursday, ..	N.W.	N.W.	N.W.
Friday, ..	N.W.	N.W.	N.W.
Saturday, ..	N.W.	N.W.	N.W.
Sunday, ..	N.W.	N.W.	N.W.
Monday, ..	N.W.	N.W.	N.W.
Tuesday, ..	N.W.	N.W.	N.W.

Local and General

—Bad weather lately, heavy fall of snow. Indications: Lots of water in the spring.

—Mr. A. Iredale, Fort Qu'Appelle, was in town on Tuesday, on his way to Winnipeg.

—Mr. and Mrs. Featherstonehaugh and Miss Digby, Fort Qu'Appelle, left for England on Sunday night.

—Mr. Barron, of Broadview, preached a very acceptable sermon in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning.

—Rip Van Winkle paid the town a visit on Tuesday, and was kept busy receiving the congratulations of his many friends.

—Mr. G. H. V. Bulyea, M.L.A., left on Sunday night for Winnipeg. He will take in the big bonspiel during his visit.

—Having too many best girls sometimes proves embarrassing. "How happy could I be with either, were I either dear chamer away."

—The iniquitous school teacher, who compelled the Yankee Eagle to squeal, is at present in town on a visit to his brother, Mr. D. S. McCannel.

—A social under the auspices of the Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church will be held in the Public Hall, Qu'Appelle, on or about the 7th March. A good time is expected. Further particulars in a future issue.

—Quite a number of our townspeople drove out to Fort Qu'Appelle on Friday, to attend a dance given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Featherstonehaugh and Miss Digby, prior to their departure for the old country.

Specimen of Northwest winter weather: Scene, Qu'Appelle; date, Feb. 12th, the guests of the Leland House sitting on chairs outside smoking cigars and being entertained by the genial landlord with amusing reminiscences of railway life.

—Cutting goes merrily along; McNaughton wears the gold button of the points competition for the week; Johnston's rink wear the silver buttons of the rink competition for the week, thereby exciting the jealousy of the other rinks, and stimulating them in the future to conquer or die in the attempt.

—A whisper heard at the station on arrival of the Atlantic express: "My goodness, is that you, Des Barres?" "Yes, of course it is." "Why, man, they have been telegraphing all over the country that you were lost, and I have been sent down from Regina to start out half a dozen search parties to seek you." Curtain.

—The editor of the Progress received an anonymous correspondence recently from Fort Qu'Appelle reminding him of certain obligations which he is supposed to observe. Now, although we make it a rule to treat anonymous correspondences with contempt, in this instance we will deviate from our usual course of procedure by asking our unknown correspondent if he has faithfully observed all that he has taken upon himself to do? Those who live in glass houses should not throw stones.—Ed.

—Some uneasiness was caused in town on Saturday and Sunday owing to the continued absence of Staff-Sergeant Des Barres, who on Friday last started out to Mr. Colin McLean's, some twelve miles south of the town, to bring in an unfortunate youth who last year lost his feet in consequence of their being frozen, and who was being returned to England at municipal expense, owing to the fact that the Sergt. did not exactly know the trail, and that a very severe blizzard was blowing both on Friday and Saturday. The Sergt's non-appearance on Saturday night naturally occasioned some uneasiness, and on Sunday morning Const. Rose started out endeavoring to gain some tidings of the supposed lost one. In the

meantime the burly Sergt. and his charge turned up all right. It turned out that the Sergt. reached his destination all right, but was too old and astute a campaigner to risk returning in the face of a howling blizzard accompanied by an almost helpless cripple.

—We are on the two horns of a dilemma as to whether or not we should attribute the fact of the Progress being denied the privilege of advertising the calling for tenders for the erection of the Territorial Exhibition buildings, to our strictures on Mr. Strachan's appointment, or to the fact that the Lieutenant-Governor is of the opinion that among our readers there is no one capable of carrying out such a stupendous contract. If the latter is the correct reasoning, no doubt our many readers will know how to appreciate it.

—A magic lantern entertainment took place in the Presbyterian church on Friday night. Owing to the inclemency of the weather the attendance was not so great as might reasonably have been expected had the weather been more favorable. Notwithstanding this drawback the attendance was good. Views of Scotland and the Holy Land were shown and ably described by Mr. Barron, of Broadview. The only drawback was the unseemly conduct of some who do not know better than to imagine that their coarse and rude remarks were acceptable to the audience. Not the least enjoyable feature of the evening's entertainment was the instrumental duets—Mr. Barron, violin; Mrs. Clark, organ.

The 'Tis Buts.

You ask me the secret by which we contrive
On an income so slender so fairly to thrive?
Why, the long and the short of the matter, is this,
We take things as they come, and thus
Nought comes amiss;
My sons are not sluggards, my daughters
Not sluts,
And we still keep on eye to the main, and
Tis Buts.
Neighbor Squander's grand treat—'tis but so
much, he says,
And his wife's fine new gown—'tis but so
much she says.
'Tis but so much the fun, 'tis but so much
the play;
His child's gewgaws, too, 'tis but that
thrown away;
And each 'tis but grows on; till they run on
so fast,
That he finds 'tis but coming to want at
the last.
Now, something occurs, and I he says, like a
man,
I'll buy it at once, for 'tis but a trifle;
And then something else, and he's still
more willing.
For it is but a trifle—it is but a shilling;
Then it is but a penny—it is but a nut,
Till the 'tis but at last runs up run out
right.
But for my part, I ever these maxims would
take,
That little and little a mickle will make;
Take care of the shillings, those van, van,
demon olives.
And the pounds, my dear friend, will take
care of themselves.
If you quarter the road, you avoid the great
ruts,
And you'll run on quite smooth if you mind
the 'tis buts.
Contentment's the object, at which we
should aim;
It is riches and power, and honor and fame;
For our wants and our comforts in truth
are but few,
And never purchase the thing without
which you can do;
And this maxim of maxims most others out-
do:
If you'd thrive, keep an eye to the main and
—'tis buts.

Presbyterian Social.

On Wednesday night, the 6th inst., a social in aid of the Presbyterian Church was held at Mr. J. Smith's, Glenogwan Farm. About sixty were present, of that number about twenty drove out from town. Everything passed off in a most enjoyable manner; games of every description were indulged in. Precisely at 12 o'clock a repast was set before those present, the equal of which is seldom seen, and which reflected great credit on Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Smith, they being the instigators of the affair. The sum of \$18 was realized, and the party dispersed at the peep of day, everyone being satisfied that the social was the greatest success of the season.

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Highest Honors—World's Fair.**

**DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER**
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

THE MARKETS.

The wheat markets have been a little stronger this week, though nothing of much importance has occurred. Weekly exports of wheat within the past four weeks have steadily declined from 3,564,000 to 2,020,521.

Wheat locally—Wheat has been very dull locally, farmers have been offering scarcely any grain, and prices in country markets are about the same. Holders of wheat are holding it in country elevators to earn or save storage charges.

Flour—Locally there is no change. Sales to local trade by millers are made at \$1.65 per cwt., and \$1.55 bakers, delivered to city dealers, with a discount of 5c per sack for cash.

Butter—Dealers were asking 14 to 15c for packages of selected. Medium and low grades unsaleable. Business all round, flat. Cheese—Dealers are selling at 11c per lb.

Eggs—Fresh, 18c; dried, 17c; old, 16c, 10c.

Lard—We quote pure, \$1.90 for 20-pound pails and \$1.50 for 50-pound pails; compound at \$1.75 per 20-pound pail; compound in 3 and 5 pound tins, \$6 per case of 60 pounds. Pure leaf lard in 3, 5 and 10 pound tins, quoted at \$6.50 per case of 60 pounds; tallow \$4c lb.

Poultry—Poultry continues very dull and hard to sell. Chickens have sold at 5c, and ducks at 6c. Geese are quoted at 7 to 8c, and turkeys 9 to 10c.

Hay—Loose hay on the street market is selling at about \$3 per ton; baled hay, \$4 per ton delivered here.

Live stock—There is beginning to be some little inquiry for live stock from local butchers. Cattle are rather firmer and would bring 3c for good butchers' if wanted. Nothing has been done in sheep since last fall, but two or three carloads would now be taken at about 3c per lb. live weight. Hogs have brought 12c steadily for average packers.

OUR LOCAL MARKET.

Wheat, 58 to 60c; little offering. Oats, wholesale 30c, retail 40c per bushel. Bran, 80c per 100 lbs.; \$16 per ton. Flour—Hungarian, \$2.25; Strong Bakers, \$2 per sack of 48 lbs. Beef per side, 40c; joints, 10c; Pork, 50c per 100 lbs.; 8 to 10c per lb. according to choice. Mutton, 10 to 15c per lb.; per carcass, 10c. White fish, 6c for quantities; 8c per lb. Potatoes, 75c per bushel. Cabbage, 15c per lb. Onions 4 lbs. for 5c. Hay, \$4 to \$5 per ton. Butter, 15c per lb. Cheese, 17c per lb. Eggs 20c per doz.

Kenlis Cullings.

Our skating rink seems to be quite an attraction for the young people, although they do have a few accidents occasionally.

P. Ferguson and wife have gone east for the winter.

W. H. Wannamaker is all smiles lately. It's a girl.

Our railroad election is over. Some look glad whilst others look sad.

The farmers here have their wheat about all marketed. They are now putting in a good time keeping the stove warm.

Our school boys are getting up a concert. The Foresters will be in the shade.

The Royal Templars are gaining ground slowly. Two more new members.

The Ladies' Aid are doing well. They met at Mrs. Geo. Bates' on the 7th. May success crown their efforts.

Rumor says Mr. Brock Dayman will soon leave our midst. Sorry to see you go, Brock; we will miss you in our choir.

The Methodist choir presented Miss Emma Bonesteel with a valuable bible for her services as organist.

Base and Selfish.

The Winnipeg papers state that Mr. McCannel, the Minto school teacher, who was "deported" from here last week, upon order of Secretary of State Carlisle, will return and seek justice. The alien labor law was never intended to work harshly on a desirable citizen, but to put a stop to the wholesale importation of cheap labor into our mines, such as Italians, Russians, Chinamen, Poles, etc. However, the best of laws may be made harsh and oppressive when enforced by persons moved by base and selfish incentives.—Grafton Times.

Hotels.

QUEEN'S.
J. Plant, McLean; J. Galliger, D. Morrison, H. Hardy, S. Davidson, R. F. Hunt, Moose Jaw; D. C. McDougall, Regina.

LELAND.

H. Telford, Mr. McLean and daughter, Ft. Qu'Appelle; E. F. Rose, Indian Head; C. A. Stewart, W. A. Templeton, A. McKillop, Winnipeg; H. Hyde, S. Cheppick, Balgonie; J. J. Clegg, Brandon; W. F. Ballen, Chicago; H. E. Leatty, J. W. Gibbard, Toronto; R. W. Cullen, McLean.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by C. E. Carthew, Qu'Appelle.

Just Arrived

12 Cases

—OF—

Boots & Shoes

—AND—

12 Packages

—OF—

Dry Goods

—AT—

J. P. Beauchamp's.

OH, SAY!

Did you see those pretty

Baby Carriages

Where there is such a fine display of FURNITURE, PICTURE

FRAMES, &c., &c.?

No! Where is that?

At Bulyea's Store,

OF COURSE.

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FOR CHINA AND JAPAN
EMPEROR OF CHINA, Mar. 4.

EMPEROR OF INDIA, April 1.

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Commercial Travellers' Favorite House.

Bar supplied with best brands of Liquors and Cigars,

TERMS MODERATE. PORTER MEETS ALL TRAINS.

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COMMERCIAL HOTEL, INDIAN HEAD, N.W.T.

Repaired and furnished anew.

Now first class in every respect.

Excellent Sample Rooms for Travellers.

Bar furnished with finest brands of Liquors and Cigars.

PORTER MEETS ALL TRAINS.

A. DAVIDSON, - - - - - Proprietor.

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The North-West Lands of the Estate of the late W. R. THISTLE, comprising

4,000 ACRES

Of Valuable Improved

FARM PROPERTY

ARE NOW OFFERED

FOR SALE ON

Most Reasonable Terms.

For full particulars apply to

A. D. DICKSON,

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1000 Samples to select from.

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Cheaper than Wood.

American Hard "Stove," \$12 delivered, \$11.50 on car.

Canadian Anthracite "Stove," \$9.25 delivered, \$8.75 on car.

Galt, \$6.35 on car, \$6.60 in shed.

Hassard, \$4.25 in shed, \$4 in car.

Have a look at my Drop Siding, 823.

J. H. MacCAUL, QU'APPELLE.

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Cheapest and quickest route to the Old Country.

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Vancouver	Dominion Line Jan. 24
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Britannic	White Star Line Jan. 23
Maestri	" Jan. 30
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State of California	" Jan. 31
Persia	Hamburg American Line, Jan. 26
Christiana	" Jan. 31
Cabin \$10, \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$35, upwards. Intermediate \$30. Steerage \$10 and upwards.	

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